INVENTORY OF SOIL RESOURCES OF THRISSUR DISTRICT, KERALA STATE USING REMOTE SENSING TECHNIQUES

ABSTRACT

1.	Survey Area	Thrissur District, Kerala State, India
2.	Geographical Extent	76° 09' 51" and 76° 54' 15" East Longitudes 10° 10' 19" and 10° 46' 55" North Latitudes
3.	Agro-climatic Region	Agro-climatic Zone-XII (West Coast Plains & Ghat Region)
4.	Total Geographical Area	3,03,536 ha.
5.	Type of Survey	Soil Resource Mapping (SRM) using Remote Sensing Techniques
6.	Base Maps	(i) Survey of India Toposheets (scale 1:50,000) 58C05, 58C06, 58C07, 58C09, 58C10, 58C11, 58C13, 58C14, 58C15 (ii) Geology Map (scale 1:2,50,000) of Geological Survey of India (iii) Satellite Imagery (scale 1:50,000) of LISS-III (IRS-1D)
7.	Scale of Mapping	1:50,000
8.	Period of Survey	December 2013 to January 2014

9. Mapping unit wise soil association and their extent:

Sl.No	Mapping Unit	Series Association	Area (ha)	% area
1	ALw2a1	Erva-Vaga	24813	8.17
2	CAl2b1	Talikkulam-Vadanappalli	27992	9.22
3	GNn6b1	Chiktal-Vellanikara	20652	6.80
4	GNn6c1	Pukayallpara-Chelakod	19361	6.38
5	GNn8b1	Pettikuzhi-Thozhupadam	3612	1.19
6	GNn8c1	Kannankuzhi-Kumaranellur	70172	23.12
7	GNp3b1	Kombazha-Kannara	6850	2.26
8	GNp3c1	Kallakuzhi-Karikadavu	1541	0.51
9	GNu4b1	Mullurkara-Ponganamkadu	9159	3.02
10	GNu4c1	Kanjirapalli-Pattikad	1431	0.47
11	GNv3b1	Volur-Mannampetta	45905	15.12
12	GNw2a1	Vennur-Chemmanthitta	14155	4.66
13	GNw2b1	Mundthikode-Vennur	7106	2.34
14	LAn6b1	Marahkod-Viranjira-Marankodu	4367	1.44
15	LAp3a1	Velappaya-Chittanda	8457	2.79
16	LAu4b1	Chelakkara-Velangallur-Vallachira	20832	6.86
17	e	ROC	545	0.18
18	f	Habitations	9310	3.07
19	g	Water bodies	7276	2.40
	Total		303536	100.00

10. Distribution of area under different Landscape/Geology classes:

S.No	Geology	Area(ha)	Area%
1	Alluvium	24813	8.17
2	Coastal Alluvium	27992	9.22
3	Gneiss	199944	65.87
4	Laterite	33656	11.08
5	Rock Out Crops (e)	545	0.18
6	Habitations (f)	9310	3.07
7	Water bodies (g)	7276	2.40
	Total	303536	100.00

11. Distribution of area under different Physiography classes:

S.No.	Physiography	Area(ha)	Area%
1	Undifferentiated hills side slope	118164	38.93
2	Pediments	31422	10.35
3	Narrow hill valleys	16848	5.55
4	Upper pediplains	45905	15.12
5	Lower pediplains	21261	7.00
6	Wet land	24813	8.17
7	Coastal Alluvial Plains	27992	9.22
8	Rock Out Crop (e)	545	0.18
9	Habitation (f)	9310	3.07
10	Water bodies (g)	7276	2.40
	Total	303536	100.00

12. Distribution of area under different Slope classes:

S.No.	Slope Classes	Area(ha)	Area%
1	Nearly level to very gently (0-3%)	74066	24.40
2	Very gently to gently (1-5%)	62753	20.67
3	Gently to moderately (3-10%)	31422	10.35
4	Strongly to moderately steep (10-25%)	44380	14.62
5	Steep to very steep (25-50%)	73784	24.30
6	Rock Out Crop (e)	545	0.18
7	Habitation (f)	9310	3.07
8	Water bodies (g)	7276	2.40
	Total	303536	100.00

13. Distribution of area under different Depth classes:

S.No	Depth	Area(ha)	Area%
1	Deep	4367	4.45
2	Deep to very deep	169041	59.48
3	Very deep	112997	30.42
4	Rock Out Crop (e)	545	0.18
5	Habitation (f)	9310	3.07
6	Water bodies (g)	7276	2.40
	Grand Total	303536	100.00

14. Distribution of area under different Erosion classes:

S.No	Erosion	Area(ha)	Area%
1	None to slight water erosion (e1)	31919	10.52
2	Slight to Moderate erosion (e1-e2)	115490	38.05
3	Moderate water erosion (e3)	20832	6.86
4	Moderate to Severe erosion (e3-e4)	118164	38.92
5	Rock Out Crop (e)	545	0.18
6	Habitation (f)	9310	3.07
7	Water bodies (g)	7276	2.40
	Total	303536	100.00

15. Distribution of area under different Management classes:

S.No	Management	Area(ha)	Area%
	Poorly managed		
1	(M2)	70172	23.12
	Poorly managed to Moderately managed		
2	(M2-M3)	47992	15.81
	Moderately managed		
3	(M3)	52755	17.38
	Moderately managed to Well managed		
4	(M3-M4)	76518	25.21
	Well managed		
5	(M4)	38968	12.83
6	Rock Out Crop (e)	545	0.18
7	Habitation (f)	9310	3.07
8	Water bodies (g)	7276	2.40
	Total	303536	100.00

16. Distribution of mapping units under different Land Capability Classes

S. No.	Land Capability Class	Mapping Units	Area (ha)	Area (%)
1	II	GNw2b1	7106	2.34
2	III	GNu4b1, LAu4b1	29991	9.88
3	II-III	GNp3b1, GNv3b1, GNw2a1, LAp3a1	75367	24.82
4	III-IV	ALw2a1, CAl2b1	52805	17.4
5	IV	GNn6b1, LAn6b1	25019	8.24
6	VI-VII	GNn8b1	3612	1.19
7	Forest	GNn6c1, GNn8c1, GNp3c1, GNu4c1	92505	30.48
8	Rock Out Crop (e)		545	0.18
9	Habitation (f)		9310	3.07
10	Water bodies (g)		7276	2.40
	Grand Total		303536	100.00

17. Distribution of mapping units under different Soil Irrigability classes:

S. No.	Soil Irrigability Class	Mapping Units	Area (ha)	Area (%)
1	В	GNv3b1, GNw2b1	53011	17.46
2	В-С	GNn8b1, GNp3b1, GNu4b1, GNw2a1, LAp3a1, LAu4b1	63065	20.77
3	С	CAl2b1, GNn6b1, LAn6b1	53011	17.45
4	D	ALw2a1	24813	8.17
5	Forest	GNn6c1, GNn8c1, GNp3c1, GNu4c1	92505	30.5
6	Rock Out Crop (e)		545	0.18
7	Habitation (f)		9310	3.07
8	Water bodies (g)		7276	2.40
	Grand Total		303536	100.00

18. Distribution of mapping units under different Land Irrigability classes:

S. No.	Land Irrigability Class	Mapping Units	Area (ha)	Area (%)
1	2	GNw2a1, GNw2b1	21261	7.00
2	2-3	GNp3b1, GNv3b1, LAp3a1	61212	20.16
3	3	CAl2b1	27992	9.22
4	4	ALw2a1, GNn6b1, GNu4b1, LAn6b1, LAu4b1	79823	26.3
5	6	GNn8b1	3612	1.19
6	Forest	GNn6c1, GNn8c1, GNp3c1, GNu4c1	92505	30.48
7	Rock Out Crop (e)		545	0.18
8	Habitation (f)		9310	3.07
9	Water bodies (g)		7276	2.40
	Grand Total		303536	100.00

SALIENT FEATURES:

- ❖ The interpretative grouping on land capability class (LCC) falls under eight classes. LCC class II-III dominated accounting to 24.82 per cent of the area followed by class III-IV accounting 17.4 per cent. Forest accounts 30.48 per cent of the surveyed area.
- Nearly 20.77 per cent comes under Soil Irrigability class B-C followed by class B and C which accounts for 17.46 per cent and class D accounting 8.17 per cent of the total area.
- ❖ As per the Land Irrigability Class, Majority of the area i.e 26.3 per cent comes under Land Irrigability class 4 followed by class 2-3comprising an area of 20.16 per cent and class 3 accounting 9.22 per cent of the total area.
- Sixteen mapping units have been established in the survey area, of which, GNn8c1 unit occupies maximum area of 23.12 per cent followed by GNv3b1 unit (15.12%).
- ♦ Most of the area in Thrissur district comes under Gneiss (65.87 %) followed by Laterite (11.08 %).
- ❖ The physiography of Thrissur district is dominated by Undifferentiated Hill side slopes (38.93%) followed by Upper pediplains (15.12 %) while Coastal Alluvial plains and Wet land constitutes 9.22 and 8.17% respectively of surveyed area.
- ❖ An area of 73784 ha (24.30%) of Thrissur district comes under Steep to very steep slopes and by Strongly to moderately steep (14.62%) while an area of 74066 ha (24.40%) comes under nearly level to very gentle slope and Very gently to gently slope occupied 62753 ha (20.67%).
- ♦ Most of the soils of the area are coming under deep to very deep (59.48%) category followed by very deep soils (30.42%).
- ❖ Major area comes under Moderate to Severe erosion (38.92%) and Slight to Moderate erosion (38.05%) and Moderate water erosion occupies only 6.86 per cent of the total area.
- ❖ Majority of the area is Moderately managed to Well managed (25.21%) followed by Poorly managed (23.12%) soils of Thrissur district

HOW TO USE SOIL RESOURCE MAPPING REPORT

This report embodies the results of the Soil Resource Mapping of Thrissur district of Kerala, State and furnishes information on the geographical setting of the state vis-à-vis location, extent, physiography, relief, drainage, climate, geology, natural vegetation, agriculture, land use and soils.

The report contains information on nature and kind of soil resources with its extent on landscape and interpretative grouping of soils and land resources which includes land capability classification that helps to prepare scientific land use plan for agriculture, horticulture, forestry, grassland development and providing suggestive management guidelines for crop suitability and crop recommendations. The soils of the area have also been differentiated as per soil characteristics based on Soil Taxonomy (USDA) to enable the users for scientific land use planning.

Thrissur District which spreads over an area of **3,03,536** ha have its district headquarters at Thrissur. There are five taluks in the district viz Chavakkad, Kodungallur, Mukundapuram, Thalappilli and Thrissur. Survey of India Toposheets on 1:50,000 scale and the same have been used as reference maps for the survey. Satellite data (NRSC Imagery) has been used for image interpretation and soil mapping. In the report each soil mapping unit is marked by a symbol which represent the five levels of generalization as features within mapping units *viz*.

Geology (parent material)	GN	-	Gneiss
Physiography	W	-	Lower pediplains
Slope	2	-	0-3 % Slope
Land use	a	-	Agriculture
Soils	1	-	Association of soil series

Each soil association is restricted to a maximum of three soil series found within concerned soil mapping unit.

For the use of the soil resource report, first user needs to locate the area of interest on the map and note down the soil mapping units. Permanent features such as road, stream, lakes and village habitation etc. shown on the map will help user to locate the area of interest on the map. For the detailed information on soil mapping unit in respect of soil series in the area of interest, its extent, present and proposed land uses reference may be made to chapter 4, 5 and Appendix-I and II.

Any comments and/or suggestions on the report are welcome. For any additional information and clarification, further correspondence or personal contact may be established with:

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