Inventory of Soil Resources of Murshidabad District, West Bengal Using Remote Sensing and GIS Techniques

ABSTRACT

1.	Survey Area	:	Murshidabad District, West Bengal
2.	Geographical Extent	:	87°49′09″ to 88°44′ E Longitudes and 23°43′30″ to 24°52′N Latitudes
3.	Kind of Survey	:	Soil Resources Mapping using remote sensing techniques.
4.	Total area	:	531611 ha.
5.	Agro Climatic Region	:	Lower Gangetic Plain (Zone no. III as per planning commission)
6.	Base map	:	a) IRS – ID Geocoded Satellite Imagery (1: 50000 scale) b) SOI –toposheet (1:50000 scale)
7.	Period of Survey	:	February to March, 2011

9. Soil Series association mapped and their respective area

Sl.	Mapping	Mapping	Soil	Total	Area
No.	Symbol	Unit	Association	Area	(%)
				(ha)	
1	01	ALb1a1	Siyapara-Fatepur-Lalgola	18229	3.43
2	02	ALb1a2	Ranagram-Fatepur	32513	6.12
3	03	ALb2 a1	Rajdharpara-Daltanpura	209179	39.35
4	04	ALb2a2	Kumradhar-Bhakuria-Siyapara	60894	11.45
5	05	ALb2a3	Hariharpur-Kumradhar-Choa	61217	11.52
6	06	ALb3a1	Lalgola-Fatepur	59700	11.23
7	07	ALb2b1	Choa-Lalbag	19471	3.66
8	08	ALb3b1	Choa-Bhutadomga-Lalbag	5277	0.99
9	09	ALb3c1	Gopgram-Bhutadomga	186	0.03
10	10	ALe2a1	Ranagram-Gokarna-Choa	1891	0.36
11	11	ALf3a1	Bholadanga-Muktinagar	2117	0.40
12	12	ALg3a1	Muktinagar-Islampur	3892	0.73
13	13	ALk1e1	Bholadanga-Godhaipur	10694	2.01
14	94	S.B.		8597	1.62
15	95	W.B.		7631	1.44
16	96	TANK		174	0.03
17	98	H.S.		10503	1.98
18	99	RIVER		19446	3.66
			Grand Total	531611	100.0

10. Area under different erosion classes

Erosion classes	Area(ha)	%
None to slight erosion	394843	74.27
Slight to moderate erosion	1891	0.36
Moderate erosion	88340	16.62
Moderate to severe erosion	186	0.03
Misc.	46351	8.72
Total	531611	100.00

11. Area under different slope classes

Slope Classes	Area(ha)	%
Level to nearly level slope	61436	11.56
Nearly level to very gently slope	270073	50.80
Very gently slope	82579	15.53
Very gently to gently slope	71172	13.39
Misc.	46351	8.72
Total	531611	100.00

Salient Features:

- ❖ Total 18 nos soil series have been mapped in Murshidabad district.
- ❖ 84.58 % area of the district are cultivated followed by plantation (4.66%), barren lands (2.01%) and forest land(0.03%).
- ❖ Soils of the district has almost none to slight erosion(74.27%) followed by moderate erosion (16.62%) and marginal area are moderate to severe erosion(0.03%).
- \clubsuit Alluvial plains (87.78%) is the major physiography of the district followed by marshy land (2.01%)
- ❖ Soils of the district falls in four slope classes

• Level to nearly level slope	61436 ha	11.56%
• Nearly level to very gently slope	270073 ha	50.80%
• Very gently slope	82579 ha	15.53%
• Very gently to gently slope	71172 ha	13.39%

- Soils are slightly acidic to neutral in reaction and low to medium in fertility needs recommended doses of balanced Fertilizer in addition suitable agronomic practices for sustained increase in agriculture production.
- ❖ Good land with minor limitations and suitable for cultivation i.e LCC II covers the maximum area 384149 ha (72.26%) followed by II-III (15.98%), IV(2.01%), III(0.99%) and III-IV(0.03%). These lands are suitable for the adoption of crop based farming system.
- ❖ Soils of the area are taxonomically classified into three orders i.e. Alfisols, Inceptisols and Entisols. All the 18 soils series identified in the area are further classified into 6 sub-orders, 7 great groups, 13 subgroups and 18 families.

HOW TO USE SOIL RESOURCE MAPPING REPORT

This report embodies the results of the Soil Resources mapping of Murshidabad district, West Bengal providing information on the geographical setting of the district, such as location, extent, physiography, relief, drainage, climate, geology, natural vegetation, agriculture, land use and soils.

The report contains other information on Interpretative grouping of soils(Chapter 7) such as land capability classes; land irrigability classes, soil suitability grouping and hydrological grouping and also recommendation for crops; horticulture development; forest, forage and grassland development; water harvesting, water storage and water management that are essential for soil and land resource management. The genesis and classification of the soils are also discussed in **Chapter5**.

Murshidabad district of West Bengal is spread over an area of 531611 ha. The district is covered by twelve SOI topographical sheets on the scale of 1: 50,000 which are used as base material along with satellite imageries.

Each soil mapping unit is marked by mapping unit i.e. ALb1a1 (Alluvium; alluvial plain; 0-3 % slope; agriculture land use; Soil Series Association, describing Siyapara as dominant series in association with Fatepur and Lalgola series). Each soil association is restricted to a maximum of three soil series

For the use of the soil resource report, first locate the area of your interest on the map and note down the soil mapping units. Permanent features such as road, stream, lakes and village habitation etc. shown on the map, help to locate the area of interest on the map. For the detailed information on soil mapping unit in respect of soil series of the area of interest, its extent, present and proposed land uses, reference may be made to **Chapter 4**, **Appendix I and II.**

The mapping unit used in soil mapping represents the five levels of mapping i.e. ALb1a1 may be referred as follows:

AL - Alluvium - Landscape
b - Alluvium plain - Physiography
1 - 0-3 % - Slope class
a - Agriculture land - Land use
1 - Association of Soil series with erosion and management soil unit.

Any comment and suggestion on the report would be welcome. For any further enquiry / or clarification, correspondence or personal contact may be established, with the

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